

**HACKEN**

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

**Customer:** Re:water

**Date:** February 7<sup>th</sup>, 2022

This document may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities are fixed – upon a decision of the Customer.

## Document

<b>Name</b>	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Re:water.
<b>Approved by</b>	Andrew Matiukhin   CTO Hacken OÜ
<b>Type</b>	ERC20 token
<b>Platform</b>	Binance Smart Chain / Solidity
<b>Methods</b>	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review
<b>Contract</b>	TokenB.sol
<b>Technical Documentation</b>	YES
<b>JS tests</b>	NO
<b>Website</b>	<a href="https://www.rewater.io/">https://www.rewater.io/</a>
<b>Timeline</b>	02 FEBRUARY 2022 - 07 FEBRUARY 2022
<b>Changelog</b>	07 FEBRUARY 2022 - INITIAL AUDIT



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## Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Re:water (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between February 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2022 - February 7<sup>th</sup>, 2022.

## Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts in the solidity file:

**File:**

[TokenB.sol](#)

**md5 hash:**

65e02726d117fb7cf7aa4cefeddb1396

**Technical Documentation:** Yes (few words in text)

**JS tests:** No

**Contracts:**

[TokenB.sol](#)

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Reentrancy</li><li>▪ Ownership Takeover</li><li>▪ Timestamp Dependence</li><li>▪ Gas Limit and Loops</li><li>▪ DoS with (Unexpected) Throw</li><li>▪ DoS with Block Gas Limit</li><li>▪ Transaction-Ordering Dependence</li><li>▪ Style guide violation</li><li>▪ Costly Loop</li><li>▪ ERC20 API violation</li><li>▪ Unchecked external call</li><li>▪ Unchecked math</li><li>▪ Unsafe type inference</li><li>▪ Implicit visibility level</li><li>▪ Deployment Consistency</li><li>▪ Repository Consistency</li><li>▪ Data Consistency</li></ul>

Functional review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Business Logics Review</li> <li>▪ Functionality Checks</li> <li>▪ Access Control &amp; Authorization</li> <li>▪ Escrow manipulation</li> <li>▪ Token Supply manipulation</li> <li>▪ Assets integrity</li> <li>▪ User Balances manipulation</li> <li>▪ Data Consistency manipulation</li> <li>▪ Kill-Switch Mechanism</li> <li>▪ Operation Trails &amp; Event Generation</li> </ul>
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## Executive Summary

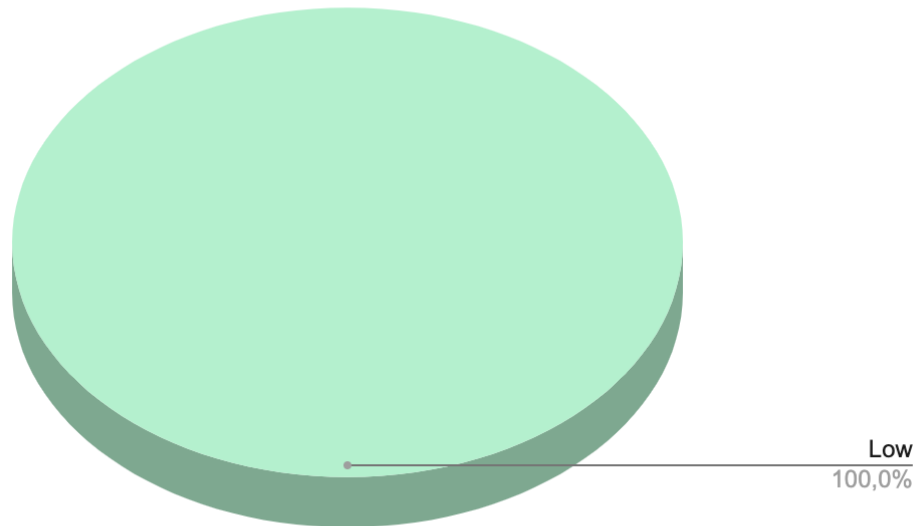
According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are well-secured.



Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. All found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found **3** low severity issues.

*Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the audit.*



## Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
<b>Critical</b>	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
<b>High</b>	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
<b>Medium</b>	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
<b>Low</b>	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution

## Audit overview

### ■■■■ Critical

No critical issues were found.

### ■■■ High

No high severity issues were found.

### ■■ Medium

No medium severity issues were found.

### ■ Low

1. Incorrect versions of Solidity.

“pragma solidity ^0.8.0;” is to open.

**Contract:** TokenB.sol

**Recommendation:** Please specify the exact version of the compiler.

2. Public functions that could be declared external.

**public** functions that are never called by the contract should be declared **external**.

**Contract:** TokenB.sol

**Functions:** mint, burn, burnFrom, approve, transfer, transferFrom, transferOwnership, setIssuerRights

**Recommendation:** Use the **external** attribute for functions never called from the contract.

3. State variables that could be declared immutable.

Constant state variables that are initialized in the constructor should be declared immutable to save gas.

**Contract:** TokenB.sol

**Variables:** name, symbol, decimals

**Recommendation:** Add the **immutable** attribute to state variables that never change and are initialized in the constructor.





## Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools.

The audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found **3** low severity issues.



## Disclaimers

### Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only – we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

### Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.