

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



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Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for BullPerks - Initial Audit
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU
Type	Token \ Launchpad
Platform	BSC / Solidity
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review
Git Repository	https://github.com/bullperks/bullperks-smartcontracts/tree/abb583344750eb824680604b5d1f6779b3f910b3
Timeline	11 JUNE 2021 - 14 JUNE 2021
Changelog	14 JUNE 2021 - INITIAL AUDIT 22 JUNE 2021 - SECOND REVIEW



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Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by BullPerks (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on June 14th, 2021.

Remediation check was conducted June 22nd, 2021.

Scope

The scope of the project is the smart contracts in git archive:

<https://github.com/bullperks/bullperks-smartcontracts/tree/abb583344750eb824680604b5d1f6779b3f910b3>

Interfaces:

- IDEalCreator.sol
- IDEalLockups.sol
- IDEalVesting.sol
- IERC20Metadata.sol
- ILocker.sol
- IVerifier.sol
- IVestingCreator.sol

Other:

- ERC20Decimal.sol
- Migrations.sol
- BLPDeal.sol
- BLPTokenVesting.sol
- Deal.sol
- DealBase.sol
- DealCollectWallet.sol
- DealCollectWalletCreator.sol
- DealCreator.sol
- DealLockups.sol
- DealVesting.sol
- ERC20Basic.sol
- Locker.sol
- Pausable.sol
- TGETokenVesting.sol
- Verifier.sol
- VestingCreator.sol

We have scanned these smart contracts for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Reentrancy▪ Ownership Takeover▪ Timestamp Dependence▪ Gas Limit and Loops



	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ DoS with (Unexpected) Throw▪ DoS with Block Gas Limit▪ Transaction-Ordering Dependence▪ Style guide violation▪ Costly Loop▪ ERC20 API violation▪ Unchecked external call▪ Unchecked math▪ Unsafe type inference▪ Implicit visibility level▪ Deployment Consistency▪ Repository Consistency▪ Data Consistency
Functional review	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Business Logics Review▪ Functionality Checks▪ Access Control & Authorization▪ Escrow manipulation▪ Token Supply manipulation▪ Asset's integrity▪ User Balances manipulation▪ Kill-Switch Mechanism▪ Operation Trails & Event Generation

Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contract is well-secured.

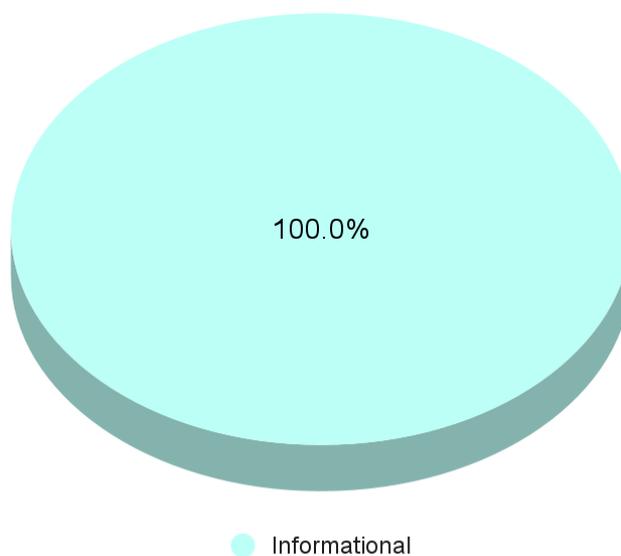


Our team performed a manual audit and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. All found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

Security engineers found 2 informational issues during the first review.

After second review code do not consist any issues.

Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the first review.



Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit overview

■ ■ ■ ■ Critical

No Critical severity issues were found.

■ ■ ■ High

No High severity issues were found.

■ ■ Medium

No High severity issues were found.

■ Low

No Low severity issues were found.

■ Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

1. Vulnerability: Public function that could be declared external

public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

Lines: BLPDeal.sol#222-223

```
function getVesting(address _beneficiary) public view  
    returns (uint256, uint256) {
```

Lines: DealBase.sol#161-163

```
function getTiersLength() public view  
    returns (uint256)  
{
```

Lines: DealLockups.sol#66-68

```
function getTiersLength() public view  
    returns (uint256)  
{
```

Lines: Locker.sol#145-149

```
function getDeposit(address _user, uint256 _id)  
    public  
    view  
    returns (uint256, uint256)
```

```
{
```

Lines: TGETokenVesting.sol#64

```
function getVesting(address _beneficiary) public view returns (uint256,  
uint256, uint256, uint256) {
```

22062021 Fixed before second review

2. Lines:

- 315 of the BLPDeal.sol
 - 174 of the Deal.sol
 - 169, 174, 198 and 208 of the DealBase.sol
 - 58 of the DealCollectWallet.sol
 - 108 of the DealCreator.sol
 - 137 of the DealVesting.sol
 - 22, 33 and 46 of the Verifier.sol
- are above the recommended [maximum line length](#).



Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found 2 informational issues during the first review.

After second review code do not consist any issues.



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.