

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



This document may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities are fixed - upon a decision of the Customer.

Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for TrustSwap SwapStakingContract - Initial Audit
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU
Type	Staking Pool
Platform	Ethereum / Solidity
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review
Deployed contract	https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x0d503db0dca94cec924dd966926ce3a8935a8e35#code
Timeline	23 MARCH 2021 - 24 MARCH 2021
Changelog	24 MARCH 2021 - INITIAL AUDIT 01 APRIL 2021 - SECOND REVIEW



Table of contents

Introduction	4
Scope	4
Executive Summary	5
Severity Definitions	7
AS-IS overview	8
Conclusion	11
Disclaimers	12



Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by TrustSwap (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on March 24th, 2021.

Remediation check was done April 1st, 2021.

Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts deployed in the binance smart chain test network:

<https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x0d503db0dca94cec924dd966926ce3a8935a8e35#code>

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ReentrancyOwnership TakeoverTimestamp DependenceGas Limit and LoopsDoS with (Unexpected) ThrowDoS with Block Gas LimitTransaction-Ordering DependenceStyle guide violationCostly LoopERC20 API violationUnchecked external callUnchecked mathUnsafe type inferenceImplicit visibility levelDeployment ConsistencyRepository ConsistencyData Consistency



Functional review	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Business Logics Review▪ Functionality Checks▪ Access Control & Authorization▪ Escrow manipulation▪ Token Supply manipulation▪ Asset's integrity▪ User Balances manipulation▪ Kill-Switch Mechanism▪ Operation Trails & Event Generation
-------------------	---

Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contract is poorly secured.



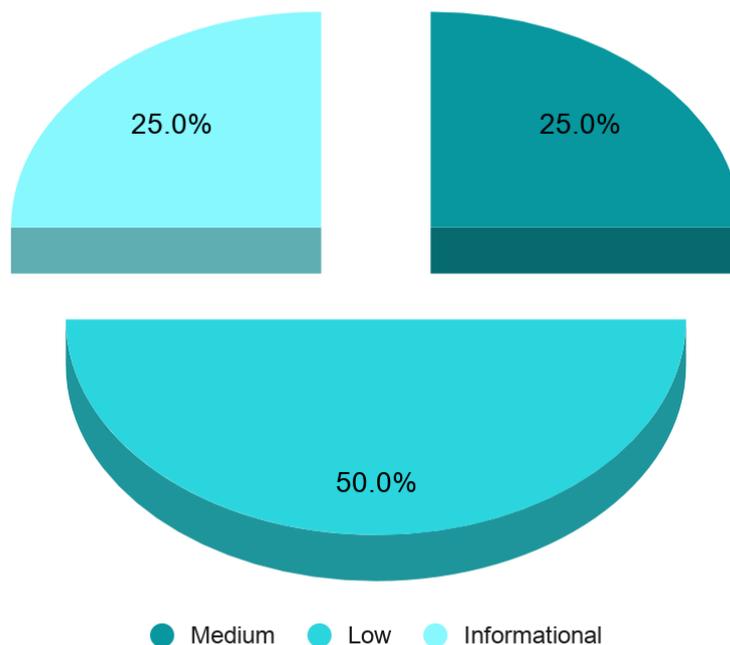
You are here

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

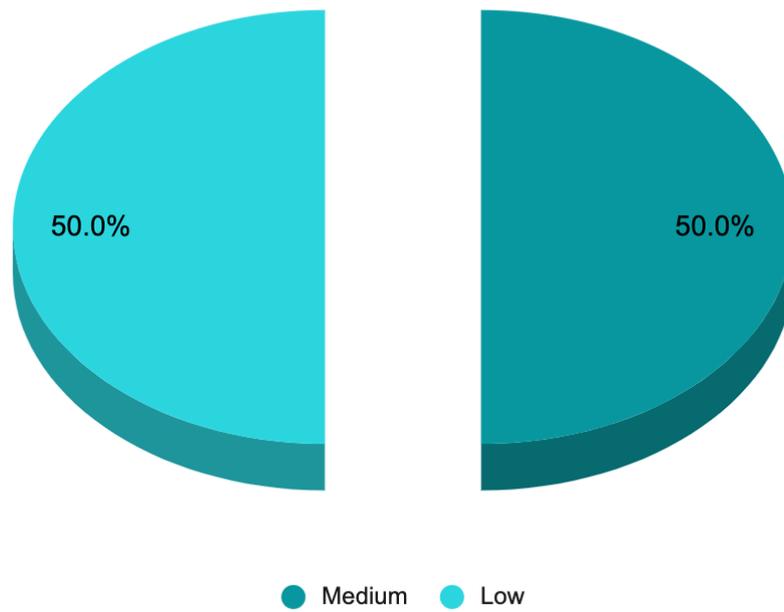
Security engineers found 2 medium, 4 low and 2 informational issues during the audit.

Security engineers found 1 medium and 1 low issues during the remediation check.

Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the first review.



Graph 2. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the second review.



Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit overview

■ ■ ■ ■ Critical

No Critical severity issues were found.

■ ■ ■ High

No High severity issues were found.

■ ■ Medium

1. Vulnerability: rewardsWithdrawn is always Zero
Contract: stakingPool
Method: getPoolDetails

Fixed before second review

2. Vulnerability: Unused return of transferFrom method call
Contract: stakingPool

The return value of an external call to transferFrom is not stored in a local or state variable. Please consider checking the result of the transferFrom method.

Recommendation: Try to use SafeERC20 library with method safeTransferFrom

On line: #131

```
rewardToken.transferFrom(msg.sender, this, _rewardAmount);
```

■ Low

1. Vulnerability: Unused return of transfer method call
Contract: stakingPool

The return value of an external call to transfer is not stored in a local or state variable.

Recommendation: Try to use SafeERC20 library with method safeTransferFrom or safeTransfer

On lines: #260-261

```
rewardToken.transfer(msg.sender, rewardAmount);
```

```
tswap.transfer(msg.sender, amount);
```

2. Vulnerability: Missing events access control
Contract: owned

Fixed before second review

3. Vulnerability: Missing events arithmetic
Contract: stakingPool

Fixed before second review

4. Vulnerability: Missing zero address validation
Contract: owned

Fixed before second review

■ Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

1. Vulnerability: Public function that could be declared external
Contracts: owned, stakingPool

Fixed before second review

2. Vulnerability: Conformance to Solidity naming conventions
Contract: stakingPool

Fixed before second review

Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-Is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found 2 medium, 4 low and 2 informational issues during the audit.

Security engineers found 1 medium and 1 low issues during the remediation check.

Category	Check Items	Comments
Code Review	Unchecked external call	Unused return of transferFrom and transfer methods



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.