

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT





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The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities fixed - upon a decision of the Customer.

## Document

<b>Name</b>	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Dao Maker
<b>Approved by</b>	Andrew Matiukhin   CTO Hacken OU
<b>Type</b>	Rewards pool
<b>Platform</b>	Ethereum / Solidity
<b>Methods</b>	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review
<b>Repository</b>	<a href="https://github.com/daomaker/staking-contract-new/">https://github.com/daomaker/staking-contract-new/</a>
<b>Commit</b>	2144f6b0af21786be5ff96d42f2737d79cab3275
<b>Timeline</b>	04 MAR 2021 - 08 MAR 2021
<b>Changelog</b>	05 MAR 2021 - INITIAL AUDIT 08 MAR 2021 - SECOND REVIEW.



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## Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by DAO Maker (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between March 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2021 - March 5<sup>th</sup>, 2021.

Second review conducted on March 8<sup>th</sup>, 2021.

## Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts in the repository:

Contract deployment address:

Repository: <https://github.com/daomaker/staking-contract-new/>

Commit: 2144f6b0af21786be5ff96d42f2737d79cab3275

Files: Farm.sol, FarmManager.sol

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Reentrancy</li><li>Ownership Takeover</li><li>Timestamp Dependence</li><li>Gas Limit and Loops</li><li>DoS with (Unexpected) Throw</li><li>DoS with Block Gas Limit</li><li>Transaction-Ordering Dependence</li><li>Style guide violation</li><li>Costly Loop</li><li>ERC20 API violation</li><li>Unchecked external call</li><li>Unchecked math</li><li>Unsafe type inference</li><li>Implicit visibility level</li><li>Deployment Consistency</li><li>Repository Consistency</li><li>Data Consistency</li></ul>
Functional review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Business Logics Review</li><li>Functionality Checks</li></ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Access Control &amp; Authorization</li> <li>■ Escrow manipulation</li> <li>■ Token Supply manipulation</li> <li>■ Asset's integrity</li> <li>■ User Balances manipulation</li> <li>■ Data Consistency manipulation</li> <li>■ Kill-Switch Mechanism</li> <li>■ Operation Trails &amp; Event Generation</li> </ul>
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## Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are secure. Though one issue that can be exploited in a case of the ownership takeover exist.



You are here

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

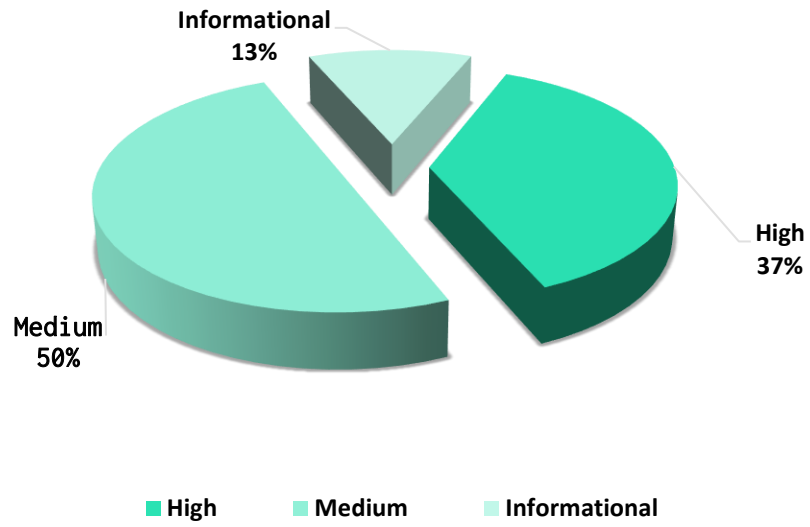
Security engineers found 3 high, 4 medium, and 1 informational issue during the audit.

After the second review Customers` smart contracts contains 1 high severity issues.

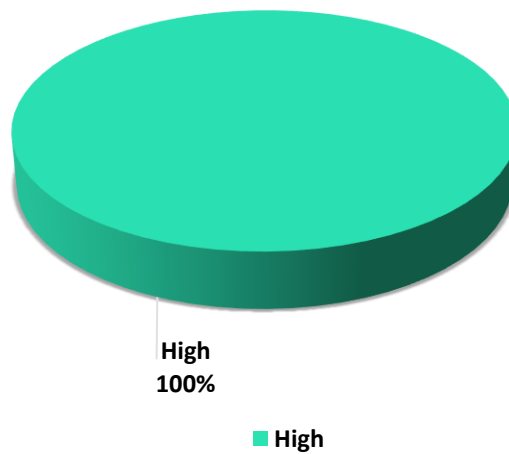
### Notice:

1. The Farm contract may be stopped by owners.

*Graph 1. Distribution of vulnerabilities after the initial audit.*



*Graph 2. Distribution of vulnerabilities after the second review.*





## Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
<b>Critical</b>	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
<b>High</b>	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
<b>Medium</b>	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
<b>Low</b>	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution
<b>Informational / Code Style / Best Practice</b>	Informational vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.



## AS-IS overview

### FarmManager.sol

#### Description

*FarmManager* manages *Farm* contracts.

#### Inheritance

*FarmManager* contract is Ownable.

#### Usages

*FarmManager* contract has following usages:

- SafeERC20 for IERC20
- SafeMath for uint25

#### Structs

*FarmManager* contract has no custom structures.

#### Enums

*FarmManager* contract has no custom enums.

#### Events

*FarmManager* contract has one custom event:

- FarmAdded

#### Modifiers

*FarmManager* has no custom modifier.

#### Fields and constants

*FarmManager* contract has following fields:

- IFarm[] public farms;
- IERC20[] public stakingTokens
- mapping(address => bool) public funders
- uint public moveBurnRate = 5
- uint public burnRate = 100
- uint public unstakeEpochs = 10
- bool public paused
- address public redistributor

#### Functions





*FarmManager* has following external functions:

- ***constructor***  
**Description**  
Initializes the contract. Sets a deployer as funder and redistributor.  
**Visibility**  
None  
**Input parameters**  
None  
**Constraints**  
None  
**Events emit**  
None  
**Output**  
None
- ***newFarm***  
**Description**  
Add a new *farm* to the manager. Adds all existing staking tokens to farm.  
**Visibility**  
public  
**Input parameters**
  - IFarm farm**Constraints**
  - Can only be called by the owner.**Events emit**  
None  
**Output**  
None
- ***add***  
**Description**  
Add a new staking token to the manager. Also adds to all existing farms.  
**Visibility**  
public  
**Input parameters**
  - uint allocPoint
  - IERC20 stakingToken**Constraints**
  - Can only be called by the owner.**Events emit**  
None  
**Output**  
None
- ***set***  
**Description**



Update allocation point of a pool.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

- uint allocPoint
- uint \_fid
- uint \_pid
- bool \_withUpdate

### Constraints

- Can only be called by the owner.

### Events emit

None

### Output

None

- ***fund***

### Description

Fund a farm with *amount*. must give allowance to created farm first.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

- uint \_fid
- uint256 \_amount

### Constraints

- Can only be called by the owner.
- An allowance should be set for a farm contract.

### Events emit

None

### Output

None

- ***changePool***

### Description

Allow stakers within a pool to move their stakes.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

- uint \_currentFid
- uint \_nextFid
- uint \_pid

### Constraints

- Stake amount should be greater than 0.
- Unstake amount should be 0.
- Withdrawal should not be requested.

### Events emit

None

### Output

None



- ***emergencyWithdrawRewards***  
**Description**  
Withdraws all reward tokens.  
**Visibility**  
public  
**Input parameters**  
None  
**Constraints**
  - Can only be called by the owner.**Events emit**  
None  
**Output**  
None
- ***updateFunders, setMoveBurnRate, setBurnRate, setUnstakeEpochs, setPaused, setRedistributor***  
**Description**  
Simple setter function with only owner access.
- ***getRedistributor, getMoveBurnRate, getBurnRate, getUnstakeEpochs, getPaused***  
**Description**  
Simple getters.

## Farm.sol

### Description

*Farm* is a liquidity pool with rewards in ERC-20 tokens.

### Inheritance

*Farm* does not inherit anything.

### Usages

*Farm* contract has following usages:

- SafeMath for uint256
- SafeERC20 for IERC20

### Structs

*Farm* contract has following data structures:

- UserInfo
- PoolInfo

### Enums

*Farm* contract has no enums.



## Events

*Farm* contract has following events:

- Deposit
- Withdraw
- Claim
- Unstake
- Initialize

## Modifiers

*Farm* has no custom modifiers.

## Fields

*Farm* contract has following fields and constants:

- IERC20 public erc20
- uint256 public paidOut = 0
- uint256 public rewardPerBlock
- IFarmManager public manager
- PoolInfo[] public poolInfo
- mapping (uint256 => mapping (address => UserInfo)) public userInfo
- uint256 public totalAllocPoint = 0
- uint256 public startBlock
- uint256 public endBlock
- uint256 public constant SECS\_EPOCH = 86400

## Functions

*Farm* has following public functions:

- ***constructor***  
**Description**  
Sets initial values of the contract.  
**Visibility**  
public  
**Input parameters**
  - IERC20 \_erc20
  - uint256 \_rewardPerBlock
  - uint256 \_startBlock
  - address \_manager**Constraints**  
None  
**Events emit**  
Emits the Initialize event.



## Output

None

- ***add***

### Description

Add a new lp to the pool.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

- uint256 \_allocPoint
- IERC20 \_stakingToken
- bool \_withUpdate

### Constraints

- Can only be called by the FarmManager.

### Events emit

None

## Output

None

- ***set***

### Description

Update the given pool's allocation point

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

- uint256 \_pid
- uint256 \_allocPoint
- bool \_withUpdate

### Constraints

- Can only be called by the FarmManager.

### Events emit

None

## Output

None

- ***massUpdatePools***

### Description

Update reward variables for all pools.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

None

### Constraints

None

### Events emit

None

## Output

None

- ***updatePool***



### **Description**

Update reward variables of the given pool to be up-to-date.

### **Visibility**

public

### **Input parameters**

- uint256 \_pid

### **Constraints**

None

### **Events emit**

None

### **Output**

None

- ***move***

### **Description**

Moves LP tokens to another farm.

### **Visibility**

external

### **Input parameters**

- uint256 \_pid

### **Constraints**

- Can only be called from the FarmManager.

### **Events emit**

Emits the Withdraw event.

### **Output**

None

- ***deposit***

### **Description**

Deposit LP tokens.

### **Visibility**

external

### **Input parameters**

- uint256 \_pid
- uint256 \_amount

### **Constraints**

- The contract should not be paused.
- Unstake should not be requested.

### **Events emit**

Emits the Deposit event.

### **Output**

None

- ***withdraw***

### **Description**

Creates a request to unstake all LP tokens.

### **Visibility**

external

### **Input parameters**

- uint256 \_pid



### Constraints

- The contract should not be paused.
- A message sender should have active balance.
- Should not be requested yet.

### Events emit

Emits the Withdraw event.

### Output

None

- ***unstake***

### Description

Withdraw LP tokens. Fee may be applied if unstakeEpochs did not passed yet.

### Visibility

external

### Input parameters

- uint256 \_pid

### Constraints

- Unstake should not be requested.

### Events emit

Emits the Unstake event.

### Output

None

- ***claim***

### Description

Claims LP tokens from Farm.

### Visibility

external

### Input parameters

None

### Constraints

None

### Events emit

- The contract should not be paused yet.

### Output

None

- ***emergencyWithdraw***

### Description

Allows the FarmManager contract to withdraw all rewards to a tx origin.

### Visibility

public

### Input parameters

None

### Constraints

None

### Events emit

- Can only be called by the FarmManager.



## Output

None

- ***poolLength***

### Description

Returns a number of LPs.

- ***deposited***

### Description

Returns deposited amount of a user to a pool.

- ***pending***

### Description

Returns total rewards that have to be paid to a user for a specified pid.

- ***totalPending***

### Description

Returns total rewards that have to be paid to all users.

- ***getUserInfo***

### Description

Returns a user info.





## Audit overview

### ■■■■ Critical

No critical issues were found.

### ■■■ High

1. Owners can set up any number of unstake epochs and any burn rate. As a result, users may lose all their funds when the *unstake* function is called.

**Fixed before the second review. Upper limits for all mentioned values are introduced.**

2. Contracts allows to withdraw all reward tokens from all Farms with a single transaction using the owner address. This issue may be exploited in a case of ownership takeover.

### ■■ Medium

1. The *newFarm* function of the *FarmManager* has no validation for a farm existence. As a result, farms may be duplicated, and the system may become inconsistent.

**Fixed before the second review.**

2. The *add* function of the *Farm* contract has no validation for a staking contract existence. As a result the contract may become inconsistent.

**Fixed before the second review.**

3. The *deposit* function of the *Farm* contract operates with the *tx.origin* instead of the *msg.sender* to allow moving from one farm to another. As a result the contract may not be used by other contracts.

**Fixed before the second review.**

4. The *unstakeAmount* field of the *UserInfo* struct is redundant and may be removed or replaced with boolean value for a case when withdraw is requested.

**Fixed before the second review.**

### ■ Low

No low severity issues were found.



## ■ Informational/ Code style / Best Practice

1. Some code-style issues were found by the static code analyzer.



## Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-Is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found 3 high, 4 medium, and 1 informational issue during the audit.

After the second review Customers` smart contracts contains 1 high severity issues.

Violations in the following categories were found and addressed to Customer:

Category	Check Item	Comments
Code review	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Asset's integrity</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>All reward may be withdrawn by owners in one transaction</li></ul>



## Disclaimers

### Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

### Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.